

(1) (a) (10 %) Let $\{f_n\}$ be a sequence of measurable functions of the measurable space (Ω, Σ, μ) such that $\int_{\Omega} \sum_n |f_n| d\mu < +\infty$. Show that $\int_{\Omega} (\sum_n f_n) d\mu = \sum_n \int_{\Omega} f_n d\mu$.

(b) (12 %) Show that $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin ax}{e^x - 1} dx = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{a}{n^2 + a^2}$. (Hint: using (a) and the inequality $|\sin u| \leq |u|$ for any $u \in \mathbb{R}$).

(2) (10 %) Use Fubini's theorem to prove that $\int_{\mathbb{R}^n} e^{-|\vec{x}|^2} d\vec{x} = \pi^{\frac{n}{2}}$.

(3) (12 %) Let f be a real-valued function on $\mathbb{R}$. Suppose that $f''(0)$ exists and is finite. Show that

$$f''(0) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(h) - 2f(0) + f(-h)}{h^2}.$$

(4) (12 %) Let $1 \leq p \leq \infty$, $f \in L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)$ and $g \in L^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$. Show that $f * g \in L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)$ and $\|f * g\|_p \leq \|f\|_p \cdot \|g\|_1$, where $f * g(x) = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} f(x-t)g(t) dt$, $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$.

(5) (a) (10 %) Let (Ω, Σ, μ) be a measure space and $f \in L^1(\Omega, \Sigma, \mu)$. Show that for any $\varepsilon > 0$, there is $\delta > 0$ such that if $A \in \Sigma$ with $\mu(A) < \delta$, then $|\int_A f d\mu| < \varepsilon$.

(b) (12 %) Let $1 \leq p < +\infty$ and $f \in L^p(\mathbb{R})$. For all $x \in \mathbb{R}$, set $F(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. Show that

$$\exists M > 0 \ni \forall x \in \mathbb{R}, \limsup_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{|F(x+h) - F(x)|}{|h|^{1-\frac{1}{p}}} \leq M.$$

(6) (12 %) Let (Ω, Σ, μ) be a finite measure space. Suppose $f \in L^{\infty}(\Omega, \mu)$, $\|f\|_{\infty} > 0$, and $\alpha_n = \int_{\Omega} |f|^n d\mu$ ($n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$). Prove that $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\alpha_{n+1}}{\alpha_n} = \|f\|_{\infty}$.

(7) (15 %) Let K be a function defined on $\mathbb{R}^2$ that is Lebesgue measurable and such that

$$A^2 = \iint_{\mathbb{R}^2} |K(x, y)|^2 dx dy < +\infty.$$

For every function $f \in L^2(\mathbb{R})$, the function Tf is defined by

$$Tf(x) = \int_{\mathbb{R}} K(x, y) f(y) dy, \quad \forall x \in \mathbb{R}.$$

Show that (a) Tf is Lebesgue measurable and (b) $\|Tf\|_2 \leq A \cdot \|f\|_2$.