

Linear Algebra

1. (3×10 points) Let $\mathbf{A} \in M_{n \times n}(\mathbb{R})$. Suppose $\mathbf{A}$ is diagonalizable and $f(t)$ is the characteristic polynomial of $\mathbf{A}$.
 - (a) Show that $f(\mathbf{A}) = \mathbf{0}$.
 - (b) If $p(t)$ is the minimal polynomial of $\mathbf{A}$, show that $p(t)$ divides $f(t)$.
 - (c) What can you conclude on $\dim(\text{span}(\mathbf{I}, \mathbf{A}, \mathbf{A}^2, \dots))$?
2. (2×10 points) Let $\mathbf{A}$ be a 5×5 real matrix and $f(t) = (t-1)^2(t-2)^2$. Suppose $f(\mathbf{A}) = \mathbf{0}$.
 - (a) Find all possible Jordan forms of $\mathbf{A}$.
 - (b) If f is the minimal polynomial of $\mathbf{A}$, find all possible Jordan forms of $\mathbf{A}$.
3. (3×10 points) Let $\mathbf{u} = (1, 1, 1)^\top \in \mathbb{R}^3$.
 - (a) Find an orthonormal basis for $\mathbb{R}^3$ that concludes $\mathbf{u}/\|\mathbf{u}\|$.
 - (b) Recall $\{\mathbf{u}\}^\perp$ denotes the hyperplane in $\mathbb{R}^3$ that is perpendicular to $\mathbf{u}$. Find the matrix representation of the reflection about $\{\mathbf{u}\}^\perp$.
 - (c) Find the rotation matrix about the line $\{t\mathbf{u} \mid t \in \mathbb{R}\}$, orientated with the direction $\mathbf{u}$, counter-clockwise through an angle θ .
4. (2×10 points) Let $\mathbf{A} \in M_{n \times n}(\mathbb{R})$ be a symmetric matrix with distinct eigenvalues

$$\lambda_1 < \lambda_2 < \dots < \lambda_n;$$

and let $\mathbf{u} \in \mathbb{R}^n$. Consider the $(n+1) \times (n+1)$ matrix

$$\mathbf{B} = \left[\begin{array}{c|c} 1 & \mathbf{u}^\top \\ \hline \mathbf{u} & \mathbf{A} \end{array} \right].$$

- (a) Show that roots of the equation

$$(1 - \mu) + \mathbf{u}^\top (\mu \mathbf{I} - \mathbf{A})^{-1} \mathbf{u} = 0$$

are eigenvalues of $\mathbf{B}$.

- (b) If $\mathbf{u}$ is nonzero and is NOT an eigenvector of $\mathbf{A}$, denoting $\mu_1 \leq \mu_2 \leq \dots \leq \mu_{n+1}$ eigenvalues of $\mathbf{B}$, show that

$$\mu_1 < \lambda_1 < \mu_2 < \lambda_3 < \dots < \lambda_{n-1} < \mu_n < \lambda_n < \mu_{n+1}.$$